Supporting Fisheries Access in the Gulf of Maine through Scenario-testing & Visual Simulations





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HOW THE STUDY WORKS

- The first phase of the project includes initial simulations and baseline testing to identify problems within current wind array designs.
- The second phase of the project will improve and test new ideas based on fishermen's feedback from the first workshop.
- GMRI will use the STAR (Situation, Task, Action, and Result) method to help participants explain their thinking during and after the simulations.

EXPECTED IMPACT

- Develop actionable recommendations for array layouts, spacing configurations, and gear innovations that enhance fishing access and safety within offshore wind lease areas.
- Build trust and capacity within the fishing community through this collaborative approach.
- Contribute to a more sustainable and mutually beneficial coexistence between these critical ocean-based industries.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

This project explores how fishing operations can coexist with floating offshore wind (FOW) developments in the Gulf of Maine. Using virtual simulation technology at the United States Maritime Resource Center (USMRC), the project involves local fishermen in testing diverse fishing gear types with various simulated FOW designs, identifying operational challenges and refining solutions for improved compatibility. The goal is to generate actionable data and strategies that support sustainable fishing access in FOW areas.





WHY THIS MATTERS

- As offshore wind energy projects expand in New England, there are growing concerns from the fishing community regarding potential conflicts, including restricted access to traditional fishing grounds, gear entanglement risks, and navigational safety issues.
- This project addresses the critical challenge of enabling coexistence between fishing operations and floating offshore wind developments in the Gulf of Maine.

PROJECT GOALS

- Enable fishermen to visualize and experience their fishing operation in a floating offshore wind environment so they can identify barriers and propose solutions.
- Develop guidance for designing construction and operational plans that accommodate fishing activities.
- Create tools and resources that will make the complexities of floating offshore wind more accessible to a broader range of stakeholders.

